Key to the Coniferous Trees in Glacier

1. Tree has needles
 2. Needles are in <i>bunches</i>
needles in bunches single needles
3. Needles are more than 5 in a bunch, in dense brush-like clusters, short, and very soft
4. Needles in bunches of 2's or 3's
2 in a bunch
5. Needles 2 in a bunch and about 1.5 inches longLodgepole Pine 5. Needles mostly 3 in a bunch and very long (5 - 8 inches)
cone about 3 times as long as wide
6. Some needles longer than 3 inches; cones about 3 times as long as wide; low elevations west of the Divide
turn over>

7. Cones 2 - 5 inches long; scales thinner toward the tip than base
7. Cones 1.5 - 3 inches long; scales thicker toward the tip than the base Whitebark Pine
8. Needles are stiff and sharp to the touch; needles are square and roll between your fingers
9. Plant is very small with multiple woody stems (shrub rather than a tree); needles are in rows along the side of the branches; needles have small points; red berries may be present
9. <i>Needles are blunt</i> (rounded); no red berries; not shrub-like; cones may be present
needles grow around the branch and have blunt tips cone with bracts (looks like a tail sticking out from under scales)
10. Top of tree droops over; cones very small and at end of flat branches; short needles with white stripes on the undersideWestern Hemlock 10. Top of tree does not droop over; needles longer than 1/2 inch
11. Cones have <i>bracts</i> ; needles <i>grow around the branch</i> ; needles narrow at base into a short stem (petiole)
12. Needles <i>grow around the branch</i> , and point up; small white stripes occur on both sides of the needles