

# **NHL Executive Summary**



The Quindaro Brewery Ruin (archeological Feature 34), with steel stabilization and interpretive addition. Cellar visible to rear of building. Photo by Rachel Consolloy.

Name of Property:	Quindaro Townsite
City, State:	Kansas City, KS
Period of Significance:	1857-1865
NHL Criteria:	1
NHL Theme:	I. Peopling Places Migration from Outside and Within II. Creating Social Institutions and Movements Reform Movements IV. Shaping the Political Landscape Political Ideas, Cultures, and Theories
Previous Recognition:	<ul> <li>1984, Quindaro and Western University Historic District (KC, KS local historic district designation)</li> <li>2002, Quindaro Townsite (NR# 02000547)</li> <li>2002, Quindaro Townsite (Kansas State Historic Register)</li> <li>2019, Quindaro Townsite National Commemorative Site</li> </ul>



## National Historic Context: Contact with the Indians

Westward Expansion and Extension of National Boundaries to the Pacific *Military and Indian Affairs* (1959) The Civil War

Underground Railroad Resources in the United States Theme Study (rev. 2000)

## **NHL Significance:**

- The Quindaro Townsite is a rare example of a multiracial and multicultural free-state port established through cooperation among the Wyandot Tribe, European Americans, and African Americans during the mid-nineteenth century, leading up to and during the tumultuous period of U.S. history known as "Bleeding Kansas" (1854-1861).
- Quindaro represents a community created in response to the 1854 passage of the Kansas-Nebraska Act and the ensuing Kansas Territory settlement rush that included antislavery and proslavery supporters intent on influencing whether slavery would be permitted in Kansas when it entered the Union.
- The townsite embodied nineteenth century social reforms not only in terms of antislavery but women's rights, temperance, equal education, and suffrage for African Americans.
- Creation of the townsite required the willing participation of the Native American landowners, the Wyandot, who themselves had been forced to move to the area just over a decade earlier. The townsite was named after Nancy Quindaro Brown Guthrie, the Wyandot wife of one of the White town founders, whose name translates to "bundle of sticks" or "strength through union."

## Integrity:

- The Quindaro Townsite has an overall high level of integrity. The criteria of location and setting are particularly high as the lack of modern development has not obscured the site's continued physical and visual connection to the Missouri River. The design of the townsite is retained through the spatial organization of identified archeological features and relationship to the townsite's primary road: Kanzas Avenue.
- While the townsite is not eligible under Criteria 6, its core area has undergone archeological investigations, and the presence of intact archeological features convey information about the pattern of settlement, construction materials and workmanship. Despite the historic loss of the commercial core during the mid-nineteenth century, the overall feeling of a settlement crowding on the banks of the river can still be ascertained, and the townsite continues to convey associations with important national historical principles and themes that shaped this country.

**Owners of Property:** AME Church, Unified Government of Wyandotte County and Kansas City, KS, private

## Acreage of Property: approx. 56.02 acres

**Origins of Nomination:** Freedom's Frontier National Heritage Area undertook this nomination via contract in 2018.

## Potential for Positive Public Response or Reflection on NHL Program:

• Local residents continue to promote Quindaro's preservation and legacy. Following a successful

groundswell of objection to the creation of a landfill on the site in the 1980s, Quindaro was designated as a Kansas City, Kansas, historic landmark district. This was followed by listing in both the Kansas State Historic Register and the National Register of Historic Places.

- Quindaro is designated as a site by the NPS National Underground Railroad Network to Freedom program, and the Quindaro Overlook and the Quindaro Underground Railroad Museum are partner sites with Freedom's Frontier National Heritage Area.
- The AME Church received a 2001 Save America's Treasures grant to preserve features of the site and • support efforts for creating a park among the ruins.
- Congress designated the Quindaro Townsite as a National Commemorative Site in 2019.
- Completion of the NHL nomination has drawn the interests of Congressional Representatives. ٠
- The history of Quindaro has been the subject of several academic research projects and local newspaper articles.
- The nomination addresses an underrepresented property type. ٠

## Potential for Negative Public Response or Reflection on NHL Program: Low

## Public Comments Favoring Designation (received as of May 22, 2025):

- Representatives Derek Schmidt, 2<sup>nd</sup> District Kansas, Sharie L. Davids, 3<sup>rd</sup> District Kansas, and Emmanuel Cleaver, II, 5<sup>th</sup> District Missouri, United States Congress
- Stacy R. Evans, Western University Association of the A.M.E. Church
- Lucinda J. Adams and Holly R. Zane, Freedom's Frontier National Heritage Area

## Landmarks Committee Comments:

- Agreed with not pursuing designation for archaeology under Criterion 6. •
- Adjust the discussion of the Treaty of 1855 so that it includes direct quotes and does not interpret its meaning.
- Address typographical errors and spelling conventions for consistency.
- Verify which entity was responsible for the assessment of the archeological features.

## Landmarks Committee Recommendation:

The Committee recommends that the National Park System Advisory Board recommend to the Secretary of the Interior the designation of the Quindaro Townsite in Kansas City, Kansas, as a National Historic Landmark, with any additions and corrections as noted by the Committee being made prior to the nomination being forwarded to the Secretary of the Interior for action.

## **Advisory Board Recommendation:**